



Artificial Intelligence in Curriculum Design: Benefits, and Key Strategies in Higher Education

Milan Barman ^{1*}, Radha Barman ², Ankur Nandi ³, Dr. Tapash Das ⁴

¹ PhD Scholar, Department of Education, Kazi Nazrul University, Asansol, West Bengal, India

² PhD Scholar, Department of Education, University of Gour Banga, Malda, West Bengal, India

³ PhD Scholar, Department of Education, University of Kalyani, Kalyani, West Bengal, India

⁴ Assistant Professor, Department of Education, Kazi Nazrul University, Asansol, India

* Corresponding Author: **Milan Barman**

Article Info

P-ISSN: 3051-3502

E-ISSN: 3051-3510

Volume: 06

Issue: 02

Received: 12-06-2025

Accepted: 14-07-2025

Published: 25-08-2025

Page No: 228-233

Abstract

Artificial Intelligence (AI) as a technological innovation is transforming the field of curriculum development through a more personalized, effective and responsive curriculum development process. Being a revolutionary technology, AI has immense potential in various fields including curriculum development. The present study focuses on the use of AI in transforming the field of curriculum development in higher education institutions, highlighting the benefits and key strategies of AI in curriculum development. The aim and objective of this study was to know about the benefits of using AI in curriculum development in higher education institutions. In addition, this study also focused on knowing about the key strategies of AI for curriculum development in higher education institutions. In this study, in-depth literature review method of qualitative research was used to collect data from various secondary sources, such as peer-reviewed academic journals, books and reliable websites, etc. The data was collected from various databases such as Scopus, Web of Science, Google Scholar, PubMed, JSTOR, etc. The study indicates that AI has a positive impact on curriculum design in terms of personalization and adaptability using machine learning technologies. The strategies identified in the study included learning analytics, teacher training, ethics, and industry engagement. In essence, AI has the potential to revolutionize the curriculum design process in a dynamic, inclusive, and future-focused manner.

DOI: <https://doi.org/10.54660/IJMER.2025.6.2.228-233>

Keywords: Artificial Intelligence, Curriculum Design, Artificial Intelligence in Curriculum Design, Higher Education

Introduction

The 21st century has brought unprecedented changes to our personal and professional lives. Artificial Intelligence (AI) is already a popular concept and tool in our society and an integral part of our lives (Southworth *et al.*, 2023) ^[24]. The term AI is used to refer to the imitation of intelligence in machines, especially those that can think, learn, and solve problems independently (Oluyemisi, 2023) ^[21]. Artificial Intelligence (AI) uses algorithms and data to perform tasks or functions that typically require human intelligence or cognitive abilities, such as pattern recognition, decision-making, language understanding, and vision (Oladipo *et al.*, 2024) ^[19]. Artificial Intelligence (AI) has the potential to improve or become better over time through a process called machine learning, which enables it to make decisions based on new data (Iweuno *et al.*, 2024) ^[8]. Artificial intelligence (AI) has been used in various fields such as robotics, healthcare, finance, and education, bringing new innovations to our lives and making various processes more efficient and accurate (Iweuno *et al.*, 2024) ^[8].

The ability of artificial intelligence (AI) to process large amounts of data can help provide data-driven insights into student performance, engagement, and learning patterns. Curriculum development is a process of creating, organizing, and modifying

instructional activities to achieve specific objectives (Ayanwale *et al.*, 2024) ^[1]. Curriculum development involves identifying what students need to learn, what they need to do, and what they need to be. Curriculum development also involves identifying what to teach, how to teach, and what to assess. Curriculum development takes into account student needs, societal needs, and emerging industry trends. Curriculum development is an ongoing process that requires constant updating to remain relevant to student needs and achieve specific objectives (Nja *et al.*, 2023) ^[17]. The goal of curriculum development is to ensure continuity, continuity, and progression in student learning at higher levels (Nkolika, 2025) ^[18]. Curriculum forms the foundation of higher education. Curriculum can be considered a multifaceted and complex concept, which has been understood in different ways by different scholars in different educational contexts (Olaposi, 2025) ^[20]. Artificial Intelligence (AI) plays a crucial role in curriculum planning and coordination by analyzing curriculum structures and aligning them with learning outcomes. It helps in executing strategic planning and automatically aligning curriculum structures with learning outcomes, needs and competencies (Nkolika, 2025) ^[18]. Curriculum implementation helps in ensuring a holistic learning experience and preparing students for the challenges of the modern workplace. It helps in assessing whether the curriculum is conducive to meeting learning outcomes and suggests improvements or additions to the courses, which helps in making the courses relevant and competitive (Jatileni *et al.*, 2023) ^[9]. Artificial intelligence can play an important role in developing an interdisciplinary learning experience by integrating different subjects in a curriculum. With the increasing importance of multidisciplinary skills in the global economy, artificial intelligence can play an important role in developing a curriculum that helps to remove barriers between different educational institutions (Endurance *et al.*, 2021) ^[6].

Objectives

1. To understand the Benefit of Artificial intelligence to development of curriculum design in higher education.
2. To identify the key strategies of artificial intelligence for developing curriculum design in higher education.

Methodology

The methodology of this study is qualitative research method, where secondary data on the role of artificial intelligence in curriculum design in higher education has been analyzed. An in-depth literature review method has been applied for this study, as it has helped in conducting an in-depth analysis of the available literature, reports and conceptual reviews on artificial intelligence in curriculum design. For this study, the researcher has collected data from various secondary sources, such as peer-reviewed journals, books and reliable educational websites. For this purpose, databases like Scopus, Web of Science, Google Scholar, PubMed, JSTOR, etc. have been reviewed. Also, this study has been conducted using various keywords like “Artificial Intelligence in Curriculum Design,” “AI in Higher Education,” “AI in Curriculum,” “Benefits of AI in Curriculum Design,” “Strategies of AI in Curriculum Design,” etc.

Result and Discussion

Objective 1: Benefits of Artificial Intelligence in Curriculum Design in Higher Education

The application of Artificial Intelligence (AI) technology is playing a significant role in curriculum development in higher education institutions due to its increased efficiency, personalization, and relevance. The following discussion highlights the benefits of applying AI in curriculum development in higher education institutions.

Data-Driven Curriculum Development:

Artificial intelligence (AI) plays a key role in improving curriculum design by supporting informed decision-making based on data, making curricula more relevant and effective. AI systems have the ability to analyze large datasets such as student performance, engagement, and outcomes, through which it can identify patterns and gaps (Crompton & Burke, 2023) ^[5]. AI systems help curriculum designers create effective teaching strategies based on evidence and student needs (Chu & Ashraf, 2025) ^[4]. AI systems are equipped with an important feature called predictive analytics, which helps educators predict student performance before it happens and design curricula with relevant strategies accordingly (Siemens & Baker, 2012) ^[23]. AI systems also help educators design dynamic curricula instead of a static curriculum by continuously updating the curriculum through feedback (Williamson & Eynon, 2020) ^[25]. AI plays a key role in transforming curriculum design into a dynamic and adaptive process, thereby improving the quality of education and student performance (Chu & Ashraf, 2025) ^[4].

Personalized and Adaptive Learning Design:

Artificial intelligence is an important aspect of personalized or adaptive curriculum design. Personalization or adaptability in curriculum design is built on the uniqueness of students (Barman *et al.*, 2025) ^[2]. Traditional curriculum design uses a standardized approach. However, artificial intelligence allows students to create their own curriculum based on their individual abilities and needs (Holmes *et al.*, 2019) ^[7]. Artificial intelligence is used to continuously monitor student performance and adjust the level of complexity of the curriculum based on individual student performance (Luckin & Holmes, 2016) ^[14]. Artificial intelligence-based models of curriculum design have been shown to be helpful in increasing student engagement, retention in the curriculum, and academic performance (Chu & Ashraf, 2025) ^[4]. Personalizing curriculum design using artificial intelligence has been shown to be helpful in increasing academic performance of both high and low-achieving students (Zawacki-Richter *et al.*, 2019) ^[26]. Artificial intelligence improves the personalization of curriculum design based on individual needs, thereby promoting an inclusive approach to curriculum design. Artificial intelligence has been proven to be helpful in transforming curriculum design into a learner-centered approach (Jia, 2025) ^[10].

Curriculum Innovation and Content Development:

Artificial intelligence plays a key role in curriculum innovation and content creation by creating new educational content or programs. Artificial intelligence tools help teachers create educational content or programs using natural

language processing or other models (Liang *et al.*, 2025) ^[13]. Artificial intelligence creates new course content or even new disciplines in the curriculum. Artificial intelligence is particularly useful in new fields such as data science or artificial intelligence (Liang *et al.*, 2025) ^[13]. Artificial intelligence synthesizes interdisciplinary knowledge using large datasets obtained from academic or industrial sources. Thus, artificial intelligence encourages innovation in the curriculum. Artificial intelligence also improves the relevance of the curriculum, as it is constantly updated based on emerging trends or technological developments (Selwyn, 2019) ^[22]. Artificial intelligence encourages innovative, dynamic, or visionary curricula that keep higher education standards in line with emerging global knowledge (Liang *et al.*, 2025) ^[13].

Enhanced Assessment and Feedback Mechanisms:

The role of AI in the assessment and feedback process in curriculum design is significant. Traditional assessment methods provide delayed feedback. On the other hand, AI provides real-time assessment of student performance and immediate feedback (Luckin & Holmes, 2016) ^[14]. Traditional assessment methods are not effective in providing immediate feedback. The AI system provides immediate feedback on the assessment of student performance. The AI system assesses student performance and provides feedback on the mistakes they make. The AI system provides improved learning outcomes for students (Holmes *et al.*, 2019) ^[7]. The AI system increases the level of student engagement and provides better understanding of the content (Chu & Ashraf, 2025) ^[4]. The AI system analyzes the assessment results and provides an improved curriculum design (Siemens & Baker, 2012) ^[23]. The artificial intelligence system provides an improved curriculum design by using assessment results for curriculum development (Chu & Ashraf, 2025) ^[4].

Improved Teaching Efficiency and Curriculum Planning:

Artificial intelligence improves teaching effectiveness and curriculum planning by automating various processes and providing teachers with the necessary tools for decision-making. With the help of artificial intelligence, teachers can plan courses, create teaching materials, and establish assessment methods (Kayyali, 2025) ^[12]. Artificial intelligence helps reduce teachers' workload by automating processes such as grading tests and scheduling. This allows teachers to focus on teaching and curriculum planning (Selwyn, 2019) ^[22]. Artificial intelligence helps teachers plan curriculum using students' learning styles. This increases teaching effectiveness (Williamson & Eynon, 2020) ^[25]. Artificial intelligence helps teachers collaborate using digital platforms. This allows teachers to share best practices and different materials, which increases teaching effectiveness (Crompton & Burke, 2023) ^[5]. Artificial intelligence makes the curriculum planning process in higher education institutions more efficient and improved (Kayyali, 2025) ^[12].

Promotion of Inclusive and Equitable Education:

Artificial intelligence is an important contributor to the development of inclusive and equitable curricula. It is able to identify differences in learning outcomes of different types of students and provide strategies for creating inclusive curricula (Jia, 2025) ^[10]. Adaptive learning technology

enables personalized learning for students with different learning abilities, including students with disabilities. Therefore, adaptive learning technology enhances the inclusiveness of the curriculum (Luckin & Holmes, 2016) ^[14]. In addition, artificial intelligence technologies such as speech recognition, language translation, and assistive technology support the development of inclusive curricula. This is because these technologies help to overcome communication barriers (Holmes *et al.*, 2019) ^[7]. However, it is necessary to address the ethical issues of bias and privacy when creating inclusive curricula using artificial intelligence (Williamson & Eynon, 2020) ^[25]. Therefore, artificial intelligence is an important contributor to the development of inclusive and equitable curricula.

Continuous Curriculum Evaluation and Improvement:

The use of artificial intelligence (AI) enables continuous evaluation and development of curriculum design through data analysis. Unlike other curriculum design models, which are based on periodic assessments, an AI-based system enables continuous assessment of students' performance and interest in a particular curriculum (Siemens & Baker, 2012) ^[23]. Using this data, an AI system can identify areas of the curriculum that require changes, such as the level of complexity or the teaching methods used (Chu & Ashraf, 2025) ^[4]. An AI system also facilitates the continuous development of curriculum content based on student feedback and industry trends. This continuous development of curriculum content ensures that a curriculum remains relevant and effective in achieving learning outcomes (Crompton & Burke, 2023) ^[5]. In this way, an AI system facilitates the continuous development of curriculum design, which can be modified to adapt to changing educational and societal needs (Chu & Ashraf, 2025) ^[4].

Artificial Intelligence (AI) is accelerating the curriculum development process in higher education institutions through several important benefits. For example, it enables data-based decision-making, which allows for a personalized and adaptive approach to learning for students. This approach is tailored to individual needs and interests. In addition, AI improves curriculum development by creating new content and incorporating interdisciplinary knowledge. It does this by continuously updating the content to ensure its relevance. The assessment process is also improved through real-time assessment. It encourages a deeper approach to learning. Furthermore, AI increases teaching efficiency through automation. It also promotes inclusive education by identifying disparities. It does this by providing support for diverse learners. In addition, it is continuously evaluated and adapted to ensure that the curriculum is meeting its objectives. Overall, AI transforms the curriculum development process into a more dynamic, inclusive and effective process.

Objectives 2: Key Strategies of Artificial Intelligence for Developing Curriculum Design in Higher Education

In recent years, the incorporation of artificial intelligence (AI) into the curriculum development process in higher education has emerged as a strategic imperative. AI is no longer used experimentally; rather, it is increasingly being used as a structural element of the curriculum development process, in order to create a more flexible, data-driven, and

future-oriented curriculum development framework. One of the strategies that can be used in AI-based curriculum development is data-driven decision-making techniques (Zawacki-Richter *et al.*, 2019) ^[26]. AI tools, especially learning analytics-based tools, are capable of processing vast amounts of data related to students' learning behavior, such as their academic performance and behavioral interactions. The use of data-driven techniques in curriculum development has been shown to increase the effectiveness of this process through real-time coordination and strategic planning (Crompton & Burke, 2023) ^[5].

Machine learning algorithms continuously assess student progress, resulting in dynamic adjustments to learning materials, which increase student engagement and success. For example, in higher education, there is a wide diversity of knowledge, learning styles, and objectives. Recent research has shown that adaptive learning systems not only increase student achievement, but also encourage a more inclusive approach to education by taking into account individual differences in learning (Bond *et al.*, 2021) ^[3]. In this context, personalization has emerged as a key feature of curriculum development through artificial intelligence, shifting the focus from standardized methods of teaching to student-centered approaches (Holmes *et al.*, 2019) ^[7].

Another important strategy is the use of artificial intelligence (AI) for content development and curriculum innovation. Recent advances in AI technology, especially natural language processing, have greatly improved the ability of educators to create content and innovate curricula. For example, AI technology can be used to create content, assess students, and even simulate real-life situations. In addition, AI technology can be used to analyze academic and industry trends, so that the content created is relevant and consistent with current knowledge. Recent research has shown that AI technology, especially generative AI, is greatly transforming curriculum design by enabling educators to effectively create content and promote interdisciplinary approaches (Kasneci *et al.*, 2023) ^[11].

The Integration of intelligent assessment and feedback systems into AI-based curriculum design is another important strategy. Intelligent assessment and feedback systems use AI technology for automated grading, feedback, and continuous monitoring of student performance. Intelligent feedback helps students understand their performance by providing personalized feedback (Holmes *et al.*, 2019) ^[7]. Intelligent assessment technologies also provide a platform for generating data, which can be used to design curriculum and improve teaching strategies. Research indicates that an intelligent assessment system using AI technology improves learning outcomes by providing immediate and specific feedback while reducing teacher workload (Kasneci *et al.*, 2023) ^[11].

Ethical governance and integration of AI have been recognized as important strategies in the development of AI-based curricula. The integration of AI in education is considered an important issue in terms of ethical concerns. Some of the ethical concerns in the use of AI in education include data privacy, algorithmic bias, transparency, and accountability (Nandi *et al.*, 2025) ^[15]. To address these challenges, educational institutions must develop a comprehensive ethical framework to ensure the use of AI technologies in curriculum development and delivery.

Fairness, inclusiveness, and human-centeredness are paramount among the ethical principles for implementing AI in education (Williamson & Eynon, 2020) ^[25]. In addition, several researchers have argued that integrating ethical principles into curriculum development can not only ensure the ethical use of AI, but also prepare students to think critically about AI in their future careers.

Another important strategy for the successful implementation of AI is teacher training and capacity building. The successful implementation of AI technology depends on the preparation of educators. To develop a curriculum rich in AI technology, educators should have the necessary training on data analysis and the use of this technology. This training is important in developing a culture of innovation and collaboration. Teacher engagement is a key factor in the adoption of AI technology in higher education (Bond *et al.*, 2021) ^[3].

Another important method facilitated by AI technology is curriculum evaluation and development. In the traditional curriculum model, this method is usually a periodic review. However, it is not possible to fully assess the changing environment using traditional methods. In contrast, AI technology is able to provide information about student performance, engagement, and outcomes. Such a system can refine curriculum design. Research indicates that AI technology encourages a continuous feedback loop system for curriculum development. Such a system increases the adaptability of higher education programs (Crompton & Burke, 2023) ^[5].

Finally, there is a strategic necessity for the incorporation of AI literacy in curriculum development in the digital age. As the use of various technologies associated with AI is becoming widespread in different fields, there is a necessity for learners to have a comprehensive understanding of concepts, applications, and implications of AI. Literacy in AI enables learners to have the required skills for effective interaction with AI systems. In this regard, Ng *et al.* (2021) ^[16] indicate that there is a necessity for learners to have knowledge of the importance of integrating knowledge and skills associated with AI in different curriculum areas, such that all learners are well-prepared for an AI-driven world.

Conclusion

The aim of the current study is to examine the role of artificial intelligence in changing curriculum design in higher education, especially highlighting its benefits and implementation strategies. The study found that artificial intelligence can play a significant role in curriculum development for students. It can provide a personalized experience for students by using various technologies, including machine learning. Using this technology, institutions can analyze data collected from students and meet their individual needs. This will increase student engagement, performance, and retention rates. In addition, artificial intelligence will enable institutions to make informed decisions, which will lead to the creation of a curriculum that is in line with the knowledge gap between institutional curricula and industry needs. Furthermore, the application of various tools, including natural language processing, will enable institutions to automate various processes, including curriculum development, thereby ensuring efficient management of the education system. This will not only

reduce the workload on teachers, but also improve the quality of education. The study uncovered several key strategies for successfully implementing AI integration. These strategies include learning analytics, capacity building and teacher training, ethical standards to address concerns such as data privacy and bias in algorithms, and collaboration between education and industry. Monitoring and evaluation are also crucial to ensure that AI integration is relevant, inclusive, and effective in curriculum development. However, there are also some barriers associated with implementing AI integration in curriculum development. Some of these barriers include technological infrastructure, lack of AI literacy, and ethical concerns. Ultimately, it is clear from the study that AI has the potential to revolutionize curriculum development by making it more dynamic, inclusive, and future-oriented.

References

- Ayanwale MA, Adelana OP, Molefi RR, Adeeko O, Ishola AM. Examining artificial intelligence literacy among pre-service teachers for future classrooms. *Comput Educ Open*. 2024;6:100179. doi:10.1016/j.caeo.2024.100179
- Barman M, Barman R, Nandi A, Das T. Integrating artificial intelligence in higher education: Challenges, opportunities and future directions for enhancing student engagement. *Int J Sci Res Mod Sci Technol*. 2025;4(2):39-47. doi:10.59828/ijrmst.v4i2.295
- Bond M, Bedenlier S, Marín VI, Händel M. Emergency remote teaching in higher education: Mapping the first global online semester. *Int J Educ Technol High Educ*. 2021;18(1):50. doi:10.1186/s41239-021-00282-x
- Chu TS, Ashraf M. Artificial intelligence in curriculum design: A data-driven approach to higher education innovation. *Knowledge*. 2025;5(3):14. doi:10.3390/knowledge5030014
- Crompton H, Burke D. Artificial intelligence in higher education: The state of the field. *Int J Educ Technol High Educ*. 2023;20(22):1-22. doi:10.1186/s41239-023-00392-8
- Endurance A, Onah Eunice N, Uzoma Anthonia C, Andor Sebastine E. Integration of artificial intelligence tool (AI-Chatbot) into teaching and learning: A panacea for improving universities educational and administrative duties in South-South, Nigeria. *J Comput Sci Syst Biol*. 2021;14:357.
- Holmes W, Bialik M, Fadel C. *Artificial Intelligence in education: Promises and Implications for Teaching and Learning*. Boston: Center for Curriculum Redesign; 2019. p. 1-39.
- Iweuno BN, Orekha P, Ojediran O, Imohimi E, Adu-Twum HT. Leveraging artificial intelligence for an inclusive and diversified curriculum. *World J Adv Res Rev*. 2024;23(2):1579-90.
- Jatileni CN, Sanusi IT, Olaleye SA, Ayanwale MA, Agbo FJ, Oyelere PB. Artificial intelligence in compulsory level of education: Perspectives from Namibian in-service teachers. *Educ Inf Technol*. 2023. doi:10.1007/s10639-023-12341-z
- Jia C. The Impact of Curriculum Design and Educational Equity in the Age of Artificial Intelligence - A Literature Review. *Lect Notes Educ Psychol Public Media*. 2025;89(1):55-61. doi:10.54254/2753-7048/2025.22633
- Kasneji E, Sessler K, Küchemann S, Bannert M, Dementieva D, Fischer F, *et al*. ChatGPT for good? On opportunities and challenges of large language models for education. *Learn Individ Differ*. 2023;103:102274. doi:10.1016/j.lindif.2023.102274
- Kayyali M. AI in higher education: Revolutionizing curriculum and administration. In: Sart G, Sezgin F, editors. *AI Adoption and Diffusion in Education*. IGI Global Scientific Publishing; 2025. p. 31-62. doi:10.4018/979-8-3693-7949-3.ch002
- Liang J, Stephens JM, Brown GTL. A systematic review of the early impact of artificial intelligence on higher education curriculum, instruction, and assessment. *Front Educ*. 2025;10:1522841. doi:10.3389/educ.2025.1522841
- Luckin R, Holmes W. *Intelligence Unleashed: An Argument for AI in Education*. London: Pearson; 2016.
- Nandi A, Das T, Halder T, Karmakar S. Using risk-free artificial intelligence in the classroom: Insights from higher education professors. In: Çela E, Vajjhala N, Fonkam M, editors. *Teachers' Roles and Perspectives on AI Integration in Schools*. IGI Global Scientific Publishing; 2025. p. 329-62. doi:10.4018/979-8-3373-1017-6.ch011
- Ng DTK, Leung JKL, Chu KWS, Qiao MS. AI literacy: Definition, teaching, evaluation and ethical issues. *Proc Assoc Inf Sci Technol*. 2021;58(1):504-9. doi:10.1002/pr2.487
- Nja CO, Idiege KJ, Uwe UE, Meremikwu AN, Ekon EE, Erim CM, *et al*. Adoption of artificial intelligence in science teaching: From the vantage point of the African science teachers. *Smart Learn Environ*. 2023;10(1):42. doi:10.1186/s40561-023-00261-x
- Nkolika CJ. The role of artificial intelligence in curriculum development at the tertiary education level. *J Indones Pendidik Profesi Guru*. 2025;2(1):39-49. doi:10.64420/jippg.v2i1.250
- Oladipo EK, Adeyemo SF, Oluwasanya GJ, Oyinloye OR, Oyeyiola OH, Akinrinmade ID, *et al*. Impact and challenges of artificial intelligence integration in the African health sector: a review. *Trends Med Res*. 2024;19(1):220-35. doi:10.3923/tmr.2024.220.235
- Olaposi TO. Integration of AI into entrepreneurship curricula in higher education. In: Okebukola PA, editor. *AI and Curriculum Development for the Future*. Sterling Publishers; 2025. p. 7-15.
- Olujemisi OM. Impact of artificial intelligence in curriculum development in Nigerian tertiary education. *Int J Educ Res*. 2023;12(2):192-211.
- Selwyn N. *Should robots replace teachers? AI and the Future of Education*. 1st ed. Cambridge: Polity Press; 2019.
- Siemens G, Baker RSJd. Learning analytics and educational data mining: Towards communication and collaboration. In: *Proceedings of the 2nd International Conference on Learning Analytics and Knowledge*. 2012. p. 252-4. doi:10.1145/2330601.2330661
- Southworth J, Migliaccio K, Glover J, Glover J, Reed D, McCarty C, *et al*. Developing a model for AI across the curriculum: Transforming the higher education landscape via innovation in AI literacy. *Comput Educ Artif Intell*. 2023;4:100127. doi:10.1016/j.caeai.2023.100127

25. Williamson B, Eynon R. Historical threads, missing links, and future directions in AI in education. *Learn Media Technol.* 2020;45(3):1-13. doi:10.1080/17439884.2020.1798995
26. Zawacki-Richter O, Marín VI, Bond M, Gouverneur F. Systematic review of research on artificial intelligence applications in higher education – where are the educators? *Int J Educ Technol High Educ.* 2019;16(1):1-27. doi:10.1186/s41239-019-0171-0

How to Cite This Article

Barman M, Barman R, Nandi A, Das T. Artificial Intelligence in Curriculum Design: Benefits, and Key Strategies in Higher Education. *Int J Multidiscip Evol Res.* 2026;7(1):94–99. doi: 10.54660/IJMER.2026.7.1.94-99.

Creative Commons (CC) License

This is an open access journal, and articles are distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution-NonCommercial-ShareAlike 4.0 International (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0) License, which allows others to remix, tweak, and build upon the work non-commercially, as long as appropriate credit is given and the new creations are licensed under the identical terms.